

## SHIP SUBSIDY BILL TO BE AGITATED

Sentiment in Favor of Such Legislation Said to Have Become More Pronounced in Both Parties.

New Measure to Be Drawn Along Lines of Hanna and Frye Bills—Arguments Advanced in Behalf of It.

The near approach of the extra session of Congress has caused about all of the Senators and members of the House, who are coming to Washington, to talk over proposed legislation. The proposed financial bill and the different treaties pending have been the subject of much discussion, and now that there is to be no financial legislation, the Senators and Representatives have turned their thoughts to other matters, and one of these is the revival of an attempt to pass a ship subsidy bill.

It is reported that Senator Hanna, Senator Platt of New York, Senator Quay of Pennsylvania, and half a dozen others, including Senator Frye of Maine, and nearly all of the Representatives from the seaboard States, have taken the matter up. All of these legislators allege that the shipping is suffering from competition with European countries, where wages average nearly 50 per cent lower than they are in the United States. They also assert that nearly all of the countries of Europe pay subsidies of some kind, while the United States pays none at all.

### Conditions Have Changed.

In answer to the statements made by the enemies of subsidies, who have been asserting that at one time the United States led the world in ship construction without subsidies, the Senators and Representatives assert that this was in the day of wooden ships, when the forests of the country grew down to the edge of the sea, when wood was so cheap that it practically cost nothing for raw material. In those days a shipbuilder simply had to chop down his raw material and haul it a few hundred yards to water.

Now, they say, the conditions are different. England has her raw material at her doors, as have Germany and France. Iron and steel, owing to the lower wages, is produced 30 per cent cheaper in those countries than in the United States. Wooden ships are no longer built. The other arguments against the subsidies are answered with truths equally as strong.

The friends of the subsidies also point to the condition of the shipbuilding yards as an argument in favor of Government help. The recent failure of several and the fact that none is making any money, is an argument which cannot be explained away.

### More Shipyards Now.

The objection the Democrats and some of the Republicans had to the last bill was that it gave to him who had. In other words, it seemed as though the millions provided for would go to a few rich men who controlled the shipping interests of the country. Now, conditions have changed.

There are dozens of shipyards today where three years ago there were not more than ten of importance in the country. The largest of these were the Cramp works in Philadelphia, Pa., the Union Works at San Francisco, and the Morgan Iron Works of New York. Since then the New York Shipbuilding Works at Camden, N. J., and several more like them have been built, the supposition being that some day the Government would do something to aid the industry. Shipyards now line the coast from the Virginia capes all the way up to Maine, and the Representatives and Senators from all these States now favor a subsidy bill, whereas three years ago they opposed such a measure.

### Provisions Carefully Guarded.

So far has the ship subsidy measure gone that the provisions of the bill are under discussion. It is said that the proposed measure is to follow the Fry and Hanna bills generally, but is to be so drawn that no one party of men is going to be able to control the disposition of the funds. In fact, it is said the bill is to be so drawn that should any party of men attempt to control the appropriations, they are to be excluded from any of its benefits.

Just what Senator or Representative is to introduce the bill has not yet been decided upon. It is thought, however, that the bill is to come from the Senate and that Mr. Hanna or Mr. Lodge is going to be the man to father it. Should, however, it be decided later to have the bill made a House measure, one of the New York or New England Representatives may be selected to be sponsor for it.

**GOLD DUST**

For cleaning anything and everything about the house, your work will be well and quickly done, and you'll spare yourself many an ache.

**GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST:** scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning woodwork, oilcloth, silverware, tinware, polishing brasswork, cleaning bath room, pipes, etc., and making the floor and soap.

**GOLD DUST MAKES HARD WATER SOFT**

## DISAPPROVES FINDINGS OF COURT MARTIAL

Secretary Moody Acts in Ensign Wortman's Case.

Secretary Moody has disapproved the findings in the case of Ensign Ward K. Wortman, U. S. N., who was acquitted of the charge of "culpable inefficiency in the performance of duty" by a court-martial named to investigate the killing of nine enlisted men on the Massachusetts last January by the explosion of an eight-inch gun.

The court of inquiry found Ensign Wortman guilty of error in judgment in giving an order to open the breech of the gun for the purpose of returning to electrical firing while the gun was loaded and the lanyard was led out and hooked to the trigger. Secretary Moody was not satisfied with this finding and ordered a court-martial, which acquitted the young officer.

Although Secretary Moody does not agree with the finding of the court-martial that there was insufficient evidence to prove that the lanyard led out and was hooked when the order was given, the decision is in no way altered by the disapproval he expressed of the decision.

In his review of the case Secretary Moody says:

"After a careful review of all the evidence, I am of the opinion that the accused failed to exercise the care which was required of him; that in giving the order to open the breech of the gun under the circumstances, which the evidence proves, he was negligent; that the death of nine enlisted men resulted from his negligence, and that in what he did and failed to do in the premises he was guilty of culpable inefficiency in the performance of duty."

## AUTOMOBILE CASES POSTPONED IN COURT

Lockwood Gives Bond and Will Be Ready for Trial Shortly.

The two cases of violating the automobile laws against Carl Lockwood were continued in the Police Court yesterday. He is a representative of the Automobile Association of Washington, and in order to test the law for the organization, he did not procure the necessary license, and also failed to lock his machine after dismounting from it, and left it against the curb in such a manner that it might be started by anyone who came along.

When arrested, Lockwood deposited \$50 collateral in each case. Yesterday he gave a real estate bond. The \$100 collateral was returned to him, and when he returns from Chicago, where he went last night, the case will go to trial.

## FINDS, HIDES, AND LOSES BIG FORTUNE

Straw Mattress Burned Up Contained \$7,500.

LISBON, Sept. 16.—Joacquin Silva, a private of the Second Sapper Battalion, who lately found on a walk a bag containing \$7,500, hid it away in his straw mattress.

He at once made arrangements for a substitute to relieve him of his military service, wrote to his native village with a view to buying a little farm, and generally enjoyed beforehand the good things to come.

Unfortunately, while on sentry duty the other day an officer, inquiring into the hygienic state of the barracks, ordered all unfit mattresses to be burnt. Among them was that containing Silva's treasure.

Silva entered the barrack yard while the bonfire was burning, and on hearing what had happened rushed, with a savage cry, into the midst of the flames to save his money. He was dangerously burned when rescued, and lies in a state of delirium, crying piteously for his treasure.

## B. & O. AUGUST EARNINGS BREAK ALL RECORDS

The earnings for August of the Baltimore and Ohio have broken all records for that system. The gross amount was \$5,987,785, an increase over the same month for last year of \$438,028.

The net earnings were \$2,422,947, an increase of \$291,365. The total earnings, including companies controlled by the Baltimore and Ohio, were \$6,449,401, an increase of \$460,000.

The cost of operation was reduced from 60 per cent in July to 58.5 per cent. The first two months of the fiscal year show a net increase of \$631,540.

## PHILIPPINE TARIFF FUND IS INCREASING RAPIDLY

Col. Clarence Edwards, chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, has received a report from Secretary Shaw showing that the tariff fund of the Philippine Islands now on deposit in the United States Treasury amounts to \$225,443.75. This fund was created under the act of March 8, which provided that 75 per cent of the Dingley tariff rate should be charged on Philippine imports into the United States, and that the money derived from this source should be placed in the United States Treasury to the credit of the islands.

## GUN FOR STRAW HATS NOT HEEDED THIS YEAR

Summer Headgear Still in Evidence on Street.

### THE PANAMA IN WASHINGTON

Cleaners Disprove the Theory That This Expensive Headgear Is Out of Vogue.

If the "gun" for straw hats was fired yesterday, the men of Washington paid little heed, for summer head wear was as much in evidence as at any time in the season. September 15 is commonly supposed to be the date on which straw hats are put aside and those of fall brought out. This, of course, only applies to men, as the women wear summer millinery "until the new fall styles are well accentuated." With the men, however, it has been different and heretofore they would feel uneasy if other head wear was not provided at an early date. The continued summer weather is accredited with this prolonging of the straw hat life.

### Panama Hat Licensed.

The fact that within a few weeks the comfortable and cool straw will be laid aside recalls the great vogue accorded the Panama hat—a vogue which was at first regarded in the light of a fad that would be of but short duration.

When Panama hats first came into use with the reports of their great worth everyone believed after one summer's wearing man's fancy would turn to another style, and the expensive Panama would lose its value and its charm.

Such has not proved to be the case, however, for one Washington dealer alone states that he has cleaned 4,000 Panama hats this season. He estimates that at least an additional 4,000 have been cleaned by other dealers in Washington. With 2,500 new hats believed to have been purchased this year, the number of Panamas worn in Washington during the summer approximates 10,000.

### One in Three Wear Them.

The population of Washington is estimated at 288,000, one half of which are men and boys. About one-third are at the hat wearing age and two-thirds of these white. Comparing the number of hat wearing males in Washington with the number of Panamas worn this summer, it is found that about one man in every three adopted the Panama.

The cost of cleaning one of these hats is \$1.25, aggregating \$10,000 for the 8,000 cleaned this season. Added to the estimated cost of the number worn, which amounts to about \$75,000, one can readily see how a real fortune has been spent in this mode of head wear.

For many years it has been an accepted fact that women's hats are far more expensive than men's. But from proofs submitted recently regarding the Panama, it would seem that the proverbial "Easter bonnet" has lost caste.

## MINERS IN SKIRTS PURSUE HIGHWAYMAN

Latter Robbed Woman and Then Choked Her.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Sept. 16.—Stella Miner, while on her way from Maysville to Hickory Ridge, last night, was held up by a man, and, after being robbed of \$7, was choked into unconsciousness. The highwayman fled.

The miners, enraged over numerous hold-ups of women in the last week, armed themselves with guns and revolvers, and started over the mountains looking for the man.

Some of the pursuers dressed themselves in women's clothes, so as to induce the man to attack them.

### Jews-Flee Persecution.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—As a result of the recent anti-Jewish agitation among the laboring classes around Cardiff, Wales, 100 Jewish employees of the Dowlais Works left Merthyr Tydfil today on their way to America.

## HOW MEN ARE SAVED ON OCEAN AND LAKE

Life-Saving Service to Make a Complete and Interesting Exhibit at World's Fair.

Plans for the lake which the St. Louis Exposition authorities will place at the service of the United States Life-Saving Service will soon be completed at the Treasury Department. Other preparations are going forward for the life-saving exhibit at the exposition, and these are near enough perfection to make it certain the exhibit will be highly interesting. The details thus far worked out indicate an intention on the part of the life-saving service to give a wonderfully realistic reproduction of those scenes that are common enough to the storm-racked shores of the ocean and the great lakes, but of which dwellers in the interior know little.

It is the intention to make a more complete exhibit of life-saving equipment than has ever before been made, and besides to have a larger force of men than ever before was assigned to such a duty. The boats and all the appliances will be of the most improved pattern, and will be specially constructed for use at the exposition.

Two Crews to Be Detailed. Two full crews, numbering eighteen men in all, will be detailed, with a captain and a keeper of the house in charge of each. This large number has been selected, as it will make it possible for the crews to perform every variety of work they are called upon to do in actual service. Picked men will compose the crews. In fact, each one selected will be a "medal of honor" man who has been decorated by the Government for some act of greatest daring.

The life station, the building in which the men live and their boats and appliances are housed, will be of the best type of such structures used in the service, with this exception, that the building will be altered in style and enlarged slightly to make it harmonize with the other exposition buildings.

Among the things that will be shown at the daily morning and afternoon drills will be the method of carrying the big boat on a little carriage over the beach and launching it in the water, together with a demonstration of the rapidity with which the men take their places at the oars and pull to the wreck. Then there will be shown the shooting of the life-line to a wreck by means of a mortar, and making the rope fast to a mast in the center of the lagoon on which, clinging for life, will be a wrecked mariner.

### Use of the Breeches Buoy.

The use of the breeches buoy will be shown. It will be demonstrated what splendid discipline the men maintain when upset in the water, and how a boat may turn entirely over and be righted with the men still retaining their places. Men will row out in the lake in small boats, upset themselves and be rescued by the lifeboat crews, after which, on the shore, the methods used in restoring nearly drowned persons will be shown.

There will be four or five different lifeboats at the station. The largest will be thirty-four feet long, specially constructed for the exposition at a cost of \$25,000. It will be placed in commission, however, after the world's fair. It will be the embodiment of all the latest ideas in boat building, and will have air-tight cases at each end and along the sides. Along with other late appliances will be self-bailing and self-righting apparatus. In spite of its size the boat will weigh but 1,000 pounds, and can be easily propelled by eight men, and will carry about twenty persons. Cork jackets, heaving sticks, night signal apparatus, carls, and life-line guns will be seen daily in actual use, with many other appliances.

## PET DOG IS DEAD; SUICIDE SUSPECTED

Bull Pup Which Bullied Him Escapes Asphyxiation.

ROCHESTER, Sept. 16.—Mig, a pet spaniel owned by Lafayette Heideil, of this city, is dead, and the manner of its death is a puzzle to the police. The dog was found dead in a rooming house, and the police are investigating the case. It is believed that the dog was killed by a bull pup which it had been bullying.

In company with a bull pup, Mig occupied comfortable quarters in Mr. Heideil's home, at 53 South Street, for several years, and his lot was happy, far beyond that of the ordinary dog. If his master was induced by his own devices, the cause of the act is hard to trace. Motive for the murderous deed on the part of the bull pup is equally difficult to find. Therefore, mystery surrounds the lamentable case. But Mig is certainly dead.

Mr. Heideil is keeping bachelor hall at present in his home, in company with F. H. Haak, a relative. They were awakened by a nauseating odor of gas. Being familiar with the use of gas jets, both occupants of the house were convinced that they had not blown out the gas before retiring, so they searched the premises to discover the leak. The cause of the trouble was found in the kitchen, where the gas range was discharging its fuel from an open pipe. Near the range were stretched the two dogs. Evidently they had become restless, and in moving around the stove had opened the stopcock. Both had been overcome, and Mig had passed away to the dogs' paradise. After some trouble the bull pup was revived, and is still in the ring, though weak.

Persons acquainted with Mig's disposition are inclined to believe that, long suffering from the pup's bullying abuse, he sacrificed his life in a spirit of revenge.

## ANNAPOLIS HAZING ABRUPTLY CHECKED

Discipline Probable if Upper Classmen Ignore Warning.

ANNAPOLIS, Sept. 16.—The "running" of the "plebes" of the Naval Academy, which has been going on actively since the arrival of a dozen upper classmen here on August 29 for re-examination, has abruptly ceased.

The "running" was first discovered by the surgeons at sick quarters, who found many sore limbs among the "plebes." This was from executing "No. 16," in which exercise the performer, putting his hands on his hips, bends back as far as possible on tiptoe. Ten of these movements take all the vigor out of the performer.

When Commandant Badger took the matter in hand the upper classmen promised to stop "running" the "plebes." If the "running" continues after this warning the discipline that follows probably will be severe. Some of the "plebes" who do not use tobacco were made to smoke and became dreadfully sick. One, whose ancestor was a distinguished American naval officer, was made to buckle on a tin sword, stand on a table and go through the actions of an officer in a naval battle. Another, whose grandfather was a celebrated statesman and orator, was required to mount the rostrum and deliver an oration to the upper classmen.

## FORMER POLICEMAN CHARGED WITH THEFT

William Lee Santmeyer, formerly a member of the Metropolitan police, was brought here yesterday from Boston, Mass., to answer a charge of larceny. He is charged with appropriating to his own use \$300 belonging to Plympton B. Chase, proprietor of Chase's Opera House.

## TROPICAL IMPORTS INCREASING RAPIDLY

Four Hundred Million Dollars Worth Brought in Last Year.

The taste of the people of the United States for tropical products seems to be increasing at a very rapid rate.

The Department of Commerce and Labor, through its Bureau of Statistics, reports the value of the tropical and subtropical products brought into the United States in the past year as \$400,000,000. In 1895 the value of this class of merchandise imported was only \$200,000,000; in 1875, \$200,000,000, and in 1870, \$140,000,000.

Even these figures do not show the real increase, because of the great reduction in prices of many of the articles. The value of the sugar of tropical production brought into the country in the past year, for instance, was \$104,000,000, as against \$70,000,000 in 1870; but the number of pounds last year was more than four times as much as in 1870.

The value of the coffee brought in last year was \$30,000,000, as against \$24,000,000 in 1870, yet the quantity last year was 923,000,000 pounds, as against 235,000,000 pounds in 1870.

The 500,000 pounds of silk brought in in 1870 was valued at \$2,000,000, while the 15,000,000 pounds brought in last year was valued at less than \$16,000,000.

The 47,000,000 pounds of tea brought in in 1870 was valued at nearly \$14,000,000, while the 105,000,000 pounds brought in last year was valued at less than \$16,000,000.

The tropical islands of the United States contributed nearly \$50,000,000 worth of the tropical imports last year. Over \$26,000,000 of this was from Hawaii, more than \$11,000,000 worth from Porto Rico, and more than \$11,000,000 from the Philippines.

## NEGRO LAWYERS CRITICISE BOOKER T. WASHINGTON

Interesting Addresses at Notley Hall Excursion.

The excursion to Notley Hall, on the Potomac River, given last night by Attorney W. Calvin Chase in honor of the negro members of the Washington bar, was a decided success. The occasion was made one for praise for President Roosevelt, criticism of the theories advanced by Booker T. Washington for the betterment of the negro race, and the endorsement of certain aspirants for judges of the Police Court.

The Chase party left the Seventh Street wharf at 8 o'clock on the steamer River Queen for a run down the river. On the return trip a stop was made at Notley Hall, where addresses were made by H. H. Horner, John P. Green, of Ohio, chief of the stamp division of the Postoffice Department; Recorder of Deeds John C. Dancy, L. M. King, and Fountain Peyton. The criticisms of Booker T. Washington, it is said, were received with applause by the audience.

James L. Pugh, assistant counsel for the District, and C. S. Bundy, a justice of the peace, were endorsed for appointment as judges of the Police Court.

## PORTO RICANS GIVEN SUMMARY PUNISHMENT

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Sept. 16.—Eduardo Conde and Leonidas Guillot, two Socialists, who spoke in a recent meeting of the American Federation of Labor, were convicted yesterday of having insulted the American flag and threatened the life of Governor Hunt. Their speeches teemed with abuse of the Government.

The prisoners were sentenced to six months in prison.

The case has established a precedent as a Porto Rican official warning that attacks on the flag and Government must be stopped. The convicted men will appeal, asserting that Justice Koppel had no jurisdiction, as there is no law covering the offense.

### U. S. CONSUL MACALLISTER DEAD.

A dispatch was received at the State Department announcing the death of Samuel A. Macallister, the United States consul at Barbados, W. I. Mr. Macallister has been at that post since 1897. He was born in Pennsylvania, and was appointed from Delaware.

## ARCHITECTS TO HOLD TWO BIG CONVENTIONS

Local Men Going to St. Louis and Cleveland.

Local architects are interested in the conventions of the Architectural League of America to be held at St. Louis, Mo., October 5 and 6, and that of the American Institute of Architects to be held in Cleveland, Ohio, October 15 to 17.

A local representative to the St. Louis convention has not yet been chosen, but a meeting for that purpose is to be held tomorrow evening. Among the matters of current interest to be discussed at this convention are: "Code of Ethics and Competitions," exhibition, circuit, foreign exhibit; club work, and professional and art education.

The convention to be held in Cleveland is to be the thirty-seventh held by the institute. The local branch has the privilege of sending four representatives, and it is said that the full quota is to go. The delegates have not been selected, however, and will not be until the next regular meeting of the local branch to be held the first Friday in October.

In addition to the address of the president and committee reports the institute anticipates a number of interesting papers on the "School of Rome," and its value in the artistic development of the country as well as to the artistic profession.

Among those who are to submit papers are John Ely, vice president of the Pennsylvania Railroad and vice president of the American Academy of Rome; John La Farge and E. A. Blashfield on "Mural Painting"; Augustus St. Gaudens on "The Development of Sculpture in this Country"; Austin Lord, Mr. Mowbray and several distinguished Italians connected with the Academy of Rome.

The "Quarterly Bulletin," the official organ of the institute, edited by Glenn Brown, of this city, speaks enthusiastically of the coming convention and devotes much space to its praises.

Members of local branches of both organizations have signified their intention of attending the several conventions in a body and it is probable that in addition to the official delegates Washington architects will be most generously represented.

### THIEVES MADE A HAUL.

Attorney Robert P. Hains, of 1219 Harvard Street northwest, who was wired by the police of the breaking open of his home, returned to the city yesterday and took an inventory of his effects, with the result that he discovered articles of clothing, furniture, and paintings missing, to a total value of \$160.

**SEPT. FURNITURE SALE**

## Dining Chairs at Sale Prices.

We illustrate one chair to give you an idea of the pricing—which is often less than the regular wholesale cost of like goods.



## Dining Chairs, \$1.65.

10 dozen of these chairs that will compare with any anywhere at \$2.50. Quarter and sawed oak—box cane seats. To sell during this sale at \$1.65.

**W. B. Moses & Sons,**  
F Street, Cor. Eleventh.

## Madras Linen is the Latest and Best Writing Paper.

A cloth-finished paper that excels anything yet produced. Shown in 3 delicate tints—pearl white, light blue, and gray.

100 SHEETS TO POUND, 25c. ENVELOPES, PER PACK, 25c.

**E. Morrison Paper Co.,**  
Sales Rooms, 1009 Pennsylvania ave.  
Ware Rooms, 425 to 429 11th st.

**CONGRESSIONAL COFFEE, 35c**  
GREAT & PACIFIC  
**ATLANTIC TEA CO.,**  
Corner Seventh and E.

### At Pyles' 7 Stores.

CALIFORNIA HAM, 1 lb. 10c.  
RED LINE BAKED BEANS, 10c.  
OLD TIME SOAP, 10c.  
LARGE JARS MUSTARD, 10c.  
LARGE TUMBLERS JELLY, 10c.  
PINT TUMBLER JELLY, 10c.

**Only Medicine in the Barracks.**

GREEN LAKE, WASH., May 6, 1903.

Physical health has a great influence on a person's life. A sick mother means a wretched home, especially so when the family is poor and cannot afford to keep help. I have known hundreds of women, poor sick mothers, worn out working women, and invalids or chronic patients who became well and happy through the use of Wine of Cardui.

My special attention was called to it four years ago when I caught a severe cold, being exposed for over an hour in the rain away from home. Inflammation of the womb followed, with all the painful and serious consequences. One of our ladies advised me strongly to use Wine of Cardui, telling me of a number who had been cured through its use. I used six bottles, and was not only cured but gained nine pounds in weight and felt ten years younger.

I have advised sick women to use it since. It is the only medicine we keep constantly on hand for sick women in our barracks. It has never failed so far to relieve, to cure and to bless sick women. I heartily endorse it.

**WINE of CARDUI**

Captain Habely is the leader of the Salvation Army in her own town. Her life is given up to self-sacrificing labors and she is a woman of high character. Her heart goes out to all suffering women.

Mrs. Habely is in a position to know the quality of Wine of Cardui, as the most distressing cases of female diseases come to her attention. Women come to her with menstrual disorders, bearing down pains and leucorrhoea, which by long neglect have become chronic. She says Wine of Cardui has never failed to relieve in these severe tests. And Wine of Cardui made Captain Habely herself a well woman when she was suffering female diseases. While cheap enough for any one, Wine of Cardui is used largely in the homes of the rich, being the best medicine women can secure at any price. Will you secure a \$1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui from your druggist today?

**Carrie Habely**  
CAPTAIN, SALVATION ARMY.